

Rule 4.223-CVL

The Insolvency Act 1986
Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments
Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

S.192

For Official Use

To the Registrar of Companies

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Company Number

34810

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

(a) F W (Holdings) Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

I/We (b)

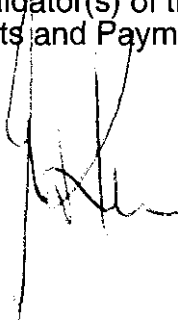
**E Klempka
PricewaterhouseCoopers
Benson House
33 Wellington Street
Leeds
West Yorkshire
LS1 4JP**

**S C E Mackellar
PricewaterhouseCoopers
Benson House
33 Wellington Street
Leeds
West Yorkshire
LS1 4JP**

Jointly and Severally Appointed

the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986


Signed



Date 10 8 99

Presenter's name, address and reference

**A Czerwak
PricewaterhouseCoopers
Benson House
33 Wellington Street
Leeds
West Yorkshire LS1 4JP
0113 289 4000**

For Official Use	
Liquidation Section	Post Room
	
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COMPANIES HOUSE 17/08/99	

Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company	F W (Holdings) Limited
Company's registered number	34810
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	Members'
Date of commencement of winding up	1 June 1998
Date to which this statement is brought down	31 May 1999
Name and address of liquidator	See page 1

NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies

Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold etc, and the amount of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Receipts derived from deposit accounts and money market deposits are to be included in the 'balance at bank'. Only actual investments are to be included in the 'amounts invested' section in the analysis of balance on page 5 of the form. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement

Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statements of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

(6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

Liquidator's statement of account
 under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986
Realisations

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realized	Amount	
			£	p
		Brought forward.....		0.00
		Carried forward.....		0.00

Liquidator's statement of account
 under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986
Disbursements

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursements	Amount	
			£	p
		Brought forward.....		0.00
		Carried forward.....		0.00

Analysis of balance

		£
Total realisations		0.00
Total disbursements		0.00
	Balance £	0.00
The balance is made up as follows:		
1. Cash in hands of liquidator		
2. Balance at bank		0.00
3. Amount in Insolvency Services Account		0.00
4. *Amounts invested by liquidator		
Less: the cost of investments realised		
	Balance	0.00
	Total balance as shown above	0.00

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement.

*The investment or deposit of money by the liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations.

The liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

	£
Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured creditors - including the holders of floating charges)	US \$ 112,265,000.00
Liabilities - Fixed charge creditors	=
Floating charge creditors	=
Unsecured creditors	=

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash	£ 28,571,086.00
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash	

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets (if there is insufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

INVESTMENT IN SUBSIDIARY - US \$ 35,326,000
 AMOUNT DUE FROM PARENT - US \$ 76,919,000

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

TAXATION CLEARANCE IS SOUGHT

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

ONE YEAR

F W (Holdings) Limited
Members Voluntary Liquidation

Summary of Receipts & Payments for the Period 01/06/98 to 31/05/99

Bank Accounts as of 31/05/99		£'s	£'s	£'s
Category	Type	Balance	Investments	Total Funds
GENERAL	H I C A	0.00	0.00	0.00
		<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>	<u>0.00</u>