

The Insolvency Act 1986

Liquidator's Statement of Receipts and Payments

S.192

Rule 4.223-CVL

Pursuant to Section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

For official use

Three empty boxes for official use.

To the Registrar of Companies

Company Number

2004091

Name of Company

(a) Insert full name of company

(a) A Hak Limited

(b) Insert full name(s) and address(es)

I/We(b)

Nicholas Reed
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
Benson House
33 Wellington Street
Leeds
West Yorkshire LS1 4JP

Edward Klempka
PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP
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33 Wellington Street
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the liquidator(s) of the company attach a copy of my/our statement of receipts and payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

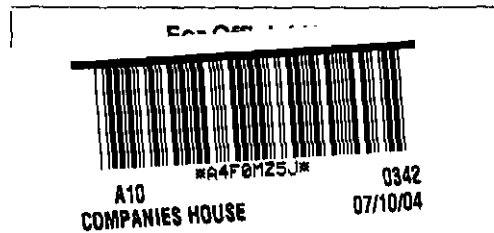
Signed

Handwritten signature

Date

1/10/04

Presenter's name, address and reference (if any): Leshia Parsons PricewaterhouseCoopers LLP Benson House 33 Wellington Street Leeds West Yorkshire LS1 4JP



# Statement of Receipts and Payments under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

Name of Company	<b>A Hak Limited</b>
Company's registered number	<b>2004091</b>
State whether members' or creditors' voluntary winding up	<b>Creditors</b>
Date of commencement of winding up	<b>31/03/1998</b>
Date to which this statement is brought down	<b>29/09/2004</b>
Name and address of liquidator	<b>See page 1</b>

## NOTES

You should read these notes carefully before completing the forms. The notes do not form part of the return to be sent to the registrar of companies.

### Form and Contents of Statement

(1) Every statement must contain a detailed account of all the liquidator's realisations and disbursements in respect of the company. The statement of realisations should contain a record of all receipts derived from assets existing at the date of the winding-up resolution and subsequently realised, including balance at bank, book debts and calls collected, property sold, etc., and the account of disbursements should contain all payments for costs, charges and expenses, or to creditors or contributories. Where property has been realised, the gross proceeds of sale must be entered under realisations and the necessary payments incidental to sales must be entered as disbursements. A payment into the Insolvency Services Account is not a disbursement and should not be shown as such; nor are payments into a bank, building society or any other financial institution. However, the interest received on any investment should be shown in the realisations. Each receipt and payment must be entered in the account in such a manner as sufficiently to explain its nature. The receipts and payments must severally be added up at the foot of each sheet and the totals carried forward from one account to another without any intermediate balance, so that the gross totals represent the total amounts received and paid by the liquidator respectively.

### Trading Account

(2) When the liquidator carries on a business, a trading account must be forwarded as a distinct account, and the totals of receipts and payments on the trading account must alone be set out in this statement.

### Dividends

(3) When dividends, instalments of compositions, etc. are paid to creditors or a return of surplus assets is made to contributories, the total amount of each dividend, etc. actually paid, must be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum; and the liquidator must forward separate accounts showing in lists the amount of the claim of each creditor and the amount of dividend, etc. payable to each creditor, or contributory.

(4) When unclaimed dividends, etc. are paid into the Insolvency Services Account, the total amount so paid in should be entered in the statement of disbursements as one sum. The items to be paid in relation to unclaimed dividends should first be included in the realisations side of the account.

(5) Credit should not be taken in the statement of disbursements for any amount in respect of liquidator's remuneration unless it has been duly allowed by resolutions of the liquidation committee or of the creditors or of the company in general meeting, or by order of the court as the case may require, or is otherwise allowable under the provisions of the Insolvency Rules.

(6) This statement of receipts and payments is required in duplicate.

# Liquidator's Statement of Account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

## Realisations

Date	Of whom received	Nature of assets realised	Amount
		<b>Brought Forward....</b>	£ 161,196.05
01/04/2004	Department of Trade	Tax deducted on interest	-352.84
01/04/2004	Department of Trade	Gross interest taxed	1,764.18
01/04/2004	Bank of England	Sec of State Fees (ad valorem fees)	17.64
01/04/2004	Bank of England	Sec of State Fees (ad valorem fees)	0.22
		<b>Carried forward</b>	<b>162,625.25</b>

Except where otherwise stated all values shown are exclusive of VAT.

# Liquidator's Statement of Account under section 192 of the Insolvency Act 1986

## Disbursements

Date	To whom paid	Nature of disbursement	Amount
		<b>Brought Forward....</b>	£ 58,385.56
01/04/2004		Sec of State Fees (ad valorem fees)	17.64
01/04/2004	Dept of trade	Bank charges	20.00
01/04/2004		Sec of State Fees (ad valorem fees)	0.22
01/07/2004	Dept of trade	Bank charges	20.00
28/07/2004	PricewaterhouseCoopers	Office holder's fees	80,000.00
		VAT Receivable	14,000.00
28/07/2004	Department Of Trade	DTI Cheque fees/ ISA costs	0.80
		<b>Carried forward</b>	<b>152,444.22</b>

Except where otherwise stated all values shown are exclusive of VAT.

**Analysis of balance**

		£
Total realisations .....		162,625.25
Total disbursements .....		152,444.22
	<b>Balance £</b>	<b>10,181.03</b>
The balance is made up as follows:		
1. Cash in hands of Liquidator .....		0.00
2. Balance at bank .....		10181.03
3. Amount in Insolvency Services Account .....		
4. * Amounts invested by Liquidator .....		
Less: the cost of investments realised .....		
	<b>Balance</b>	<b>0.00</b>
	<b>Total balance as shown above .....</b>	<b>10181.03</b>

NOTE - Full details of stocks purchased for investment and any realisation of them should be given in a separate statement.

\* The investment or deposit of money by the Liquidator does not withdraw it from the operation of the Insolvency Regulations 1986, and any such investments representing money held for six months or upwards must be realised and paid into the Insolvency Services Account, except in the case of investments in Government securities, the transfer of which to the control of the Secretary of State will be accepted as a sufficient compliance with the terms of the Regulations.

The Liquidator should also state -

(1) The amount of the estimated assets and liabilities at the date of the commencement of the winding up - £

Assets (after deducting amounts charged to secured		
Creditors	- including the holders of floating charges) .....	Nil
Liabilities	- Fixed charge creditors .....	2,058,000
	Floating charge creditor .....	547,000
	Unsecured creditors .....	7,589,000

(2) The total amount of the capital paid up at the date of the commencement of the winding up -

Paid up in cash .....	Nil
Issued as paid up otherwise than for cash .....	Nil

(3) The general description and estimated value of any outstanding assets  
(if there is sufficient space here, attach a separate sheet)

Receivership surplus unknown due to Brumarks/Spectrum Plus decision

(4) Why the winding up cannot yet be concluded

Realisation of above

(5) The period within which the winding up is expected to be completed

12 months